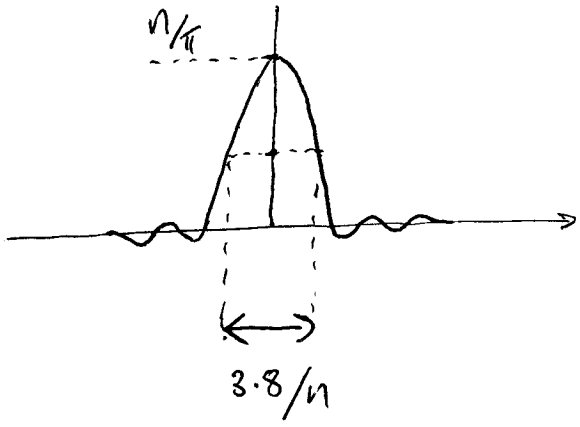


2 contd.



$$\frac{\sin nx}{\pi x}$$

$$x \rightarrow 0, \frac{\sin nx}{\pi x} \rightarrow \frac{n}{\pi}$$

For $\frac{1}{2}$ width

$$\frac{\sin nx}{\pi x} = \frac{n}{2\pi}$$

$$\sin(nx) = \frac{(nx)}{2}$$

$$\underline{nx \approx 1.9}$$

$$3. \quad I = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \delta(a(x-x)) dx$$

By substitution, let $u = ax$

$$I = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f\left(\frac{u}{a}\right) \delta(u-ax) \frac{du}{a}$$

$$= \frac{1}{a} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f\left(\frac{u}{a}\right) \delta(u-ax) du$$

$$= \frac{1}{a} f\left(\frac{ax}{a}\right) = \frac{1}{a} f(x)$$

{ We implicitly assumed $a > 0$, or else limits reverse! Reversing limits back gives minus sign and hence $a \rightarrow |a|$

But $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) \delta(x-x) dx = f(x)$

\therefore it seems that $\underline{\delta(a(x-x)) = \frac{1}{|a|} \delta(x-x)}$